

Product

information sheet

// Active Ingredient: Ethofumesate

// Formulation: Emulsifiable concentrate

// WSSA Group: 8

// Signal Word: Danger

Rest Uses

// Poa annua postemergence control in dormant bermudagrass over-seeded with ryegrass, and in labeled cool-season turf

Attributes

- // Emulsifiable formulation for the control and/or suppression of specific annual grasses and broadleaf weeds
- // Effective in humid and arid climates
- // Can be applied to bentgrass, tall fescue, St. Augustinegrass, Kentucky bluegrass, perennial ryegrass and dormant bermudagrass
- // Approved for many uses, including golf course fairways

Key Strengths



// Ethofumesate inhibits the growth of meristems, retards cellular division and limits formation of waxy cuticles



Poa annua

How to Apply (Application Rates and Timings¹)

	Main Target Pests	Start	#Apps	Application INT (days)	Use Rate ²		Overseeding	Application
Turf Type					gal/acre	fl oz /1,000 sq ft	Safety Intervals ³ (weeks after treatment)	Safety Intervals ⁵ (weeks after emergence)
Ryegrass ⁸	Annual Bluegrass	Fall Spring ⁴	2-3 1-2	21-28 21-28	2/3-1-1/3	2-4	1-2	1-2
Kentucky Bluegrass	Annual Bluegrass	Fall	2-3	21-28	1/2	1-1/2	6	8
Creeping Bentgrass	Annual Bluegrass	Fall	2-3	21-28	1/2	1-1/2	- 4	4
		Spring ⁴	1-2	21-28	1/2	1-1/2		
Turf-Type Tall Fescue	Annual Bluegrass	Fall	2-3	21-28	1/2-1	2-4	0	2-3
St. Augustinegrass (est. turf)	Bermudagrass Suppression	Spring	2-3	21-28	1-1.5	3-4.5	NA	NA
Seashore Paspalum ⁷	Bermudagrass Suppression	Spring	Multiple ⁶	14	1/3	1.0	6	NA
Overseeded (ryegrass) Bermudagrass: Dormant Bermudagrass Nondormant Bermudagrass	Annual Bluegrass Annual Bluegrass	Fall Fall	2-3 2	21-28 21-28	2/3 - 1-1/3 2/3 - 2-1/4	1-1/2-4 2-2-1/4	NA NA	NA NA

¹Refer to label text for further instructions regarding each grass species. ²Apply specified rate of PROGRASS Herbicide in 20 to 60 gallons of water per acre or 1/2 to 1-1/2 gallons of water per 1,000 sq ft. ³Interval applies to overseeding specific grass on same type of grass after last PROGRASS Herbicide treatment. ⁴Use spring application after previous fall treatments only. ⁵Refers to interval in which PROGRASS Herbicide may be safely applied to specific grass following seed emergence. ⁶Multiple applications not to exceed 9 lbs ai/A/year. Do not apply to turf when foliage is wet or dew is present. Multiple applications are necessary for maximum suppression. The maximum and effective use rate is 1 fl oz of product/1,000 sq ft. ⁷Not registered for use on Seashore paspalum in California. N/A – Not applicable. ⁸Do not exceed 4 applications per year, using the 4 fl oz/1000 sq ft (2.04 lb a.i./A) rate.

Preemergence Control

Annual Grasses

Common Name // Scientific Name

// Annual Bluegrass // Poa annua

// Large Crabgrass // Digitaria sanguinalis

// Smooth Crabgrass // Digitaria ischaemum

// Barnyardgrass // Echinochloa crus-galli

// Green Foxtail // Setaria viridis

// Yellow Foxtail // Setaria glauca

// Canarygrass // Phalaris canariensis

Annual Broadleaves

Common Name // Scientific Name

// Burclover // Medicago

// Common Chickweed // Stellaria media

// Common Purslane // Portulaca oleracea

// Redroot Pigweed // Amaranthus retroflexus

Prograss herbicide will also reduce competition from:

// Yellow Nutsedge // Cyperus esculentus

// Purple Nutsedge // Cyperus rotundus

Preemergence/Early Preemergence Control

Annual Grasses

Common Name // Scientific Name

// Smooth Crabgrass // Digitaria ischaemum

// Large Crabgrass // Digitaria sanguinalis

Postemergence Control

Annual Grasses

Common Name // Scientific Name

// Annual Bluegrass // Poa annua

Annual Broadleaves

Common Name // Scientific Name

// Common Chickweed // Stellaria media

// White Clover // Trifolium repens



Annual bluegrass. (Bayer)

www.EnvironmentalScience.Bayer.US | > @BayerGolf



